第3回 研究大学コンソーシアム、シンポジウム 2019年10月18日

## ジャーナルクライシス

日本学術振興会 黒木登志夫

The Japan Chapter of
The International Association of STM Publishers
October 21, 2019

The Transformation in scholarly publishing: Research integrity and publication ethics

Keynote lecture

# Journal crisis at a transitional phase of the STM publishing

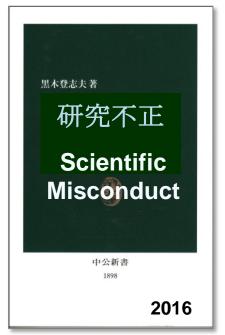
Toshio Kuroki
Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS)
Professor Emeritus, University of Tokyo

### **Self-Introduction**

1960: Graduated from Tohoku U., Sch. of Med., Sendai

### • 1961-2001:Oncologist

- Tohoku Univ. (1961-69)
- NIH postdoc @ U. of Wisconsin (1969-71)
- WHO-IARC (Lyon, France) (1973, 75-78)
- Univ. of Tokyo (1971-96)
- Showa Univ. (1996-2001)



English version is under preparation

### • 2001- present: Administrator

President of Japan Cancer Assoc.

President of Gifu Univ.

JSPS,

Program Director of WPI program WPI Academy Director

Oncologist

Misconductologist

2016- Misconductologist

### **New Classification of Research Misconduct**

**Action Linear** 

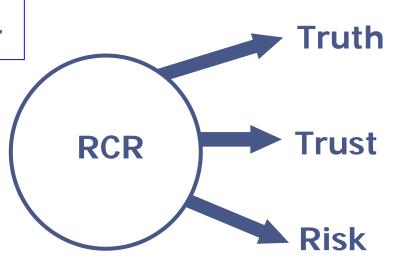
RCR QRP FFP



RCR: Responsible Conduct of Research ORP: Ouestionable Research Practice

FFP: Fabrication, Falsification and Plagiarism

Outcome Non-Linear Multi vector



Fabrication Falsification

Plagiarism
Irreproducibility
Inadequate practice

Health
Daily life
Environment



# STM Journal Kingdom

Subscription Only Journals

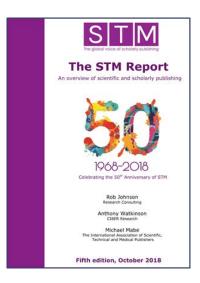
Hybrid OA Journals Gold OA Journals

**Preprint Repositories (arXivs)** 

**Data sharing** 

OA: Open access

\* Not including Gold OA Nature communications and Nature Materials



- 1. STM journals
- 2. Publication ethics
- 3. Open access science

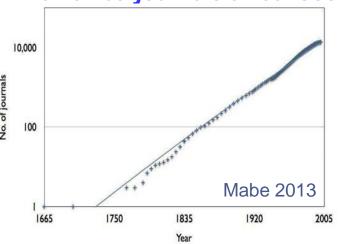
Predatory Journals

- 4. Predatory journals
- 5. Overflow of information
- 6. STM journals of tomorrow

# 1. STM Journals

- > \$10 billion (2017)
- 33,100 peer-rev. English Journals, 5% up/y
- Oligopoly by 10 mega publishers
- 3,000,000 article/y. 4% up/y.
- > 7-8 million researchers. 20% repeat author.

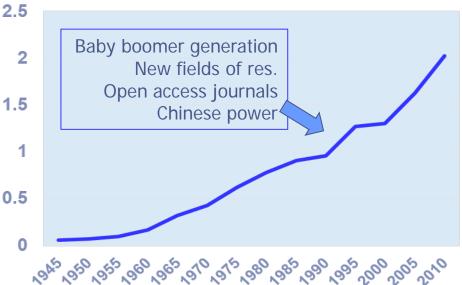
# **Exponential growth of peer** reviewed journals since 1665



### Oligopoly of STM publishers

Publisher	No. of Journals
Springer Nature	>3,000
Elsevier	2,500
Taylor & Francis	2,500
Wiley	1,700
Sage	>1,000

#### **Growth of WoS articles after WWII**



# **Universities vs Publishers**

- Universities worldwide complain about hi gh journal fees.
- University of California demanded
   *Elsevier* one fee contract covering
   subscriptions and free submission
   but was refused by *Elsevier* (2019)
- In UK universities, 56 % of APC went to *Elsevier, Springer Nature and Wiley* in 2016.

(Monitoring transition Open access 2017)

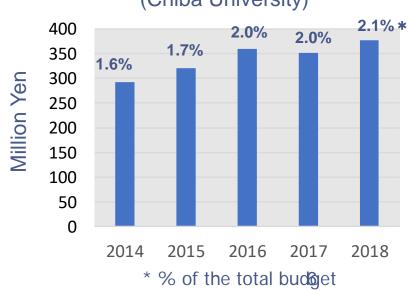
 UK universities are "no longer willing to pay for outdated systems". Under the new contract, researchers are freely accessible to hybrid and gold OA journals of Springer Nature.

(Qureshi, F. Editage Insights, April 14, 2019)

- Now Plan S and Projekt DEAL in Europe
- Japanese universities faced also financial difficulty, moving from the package subscription to individual journal deals.

### **Annual budget for journals**

(Chiba University)



### Peer review / Ghost writer / Retraction

### **Purpose**

- > Ensuring quality of papers
  - Soundness
  - Significance
  - Originality
- > Help authors improve quality

#### **Problems**

- Slow process
- Unfair and biased judgement
- Ineffectiveness in detecting fraud



#### **Nature**

- Superconductivity by H. Schön
- > STAP cell paper by Obokata

#### **Science**

- Superconductivity by H. Schön
- Stem cell by Hwang Woo Suk

#### The Lancet

- Measles vaccination by Wakefield
- Diovan affair by Novartis

#### Cell

Image manipulation by Kato



Peer review / Ghost writer / Retraction

Subscription
Only
Journals

Soundness and
Significance

Gold
OA
Journals

Soundness but not for Significance

Predatory Journals

No peer rev.

Rate of acceptance

Viewpoint of reviewing

Preprint Repositories (e.g. arXiv)

100%

Integrity

**Data sharing** 

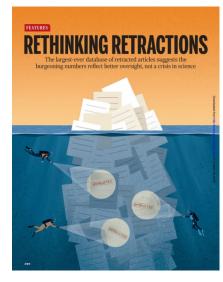
### Peer review / Ghost writer / Retraction

- Written by company employees or outsourced medical writers
- Exaggerating efficacy and concealing adverse side effects
- Published in reputable journals by a name of influential professor.
- Arthritis drug by Merck
   88,000 heart attack and 27,000 lawsuits
- Adolescent anti depressant by GlaxoSmithKline
   No efficacy but suicide or suicide attempt
- Hormone replacing therapy by Pfizer
   10,000 court cases by cardiovascular side effects
- Prevalent practice by pharma company
   NEJM, 10.9%; JAMA, 7.9%; The Lancet, 7.6% (NYT, 2009)

### Peer review / Ghost writer / Retraction

#### **Retraction Watch Database**

- Articles:
  - 10,500 journal articles
- Authors:
  - 30,000 authors
- Journals:
  - 488 journals in 2016 (44 journals in 1997)



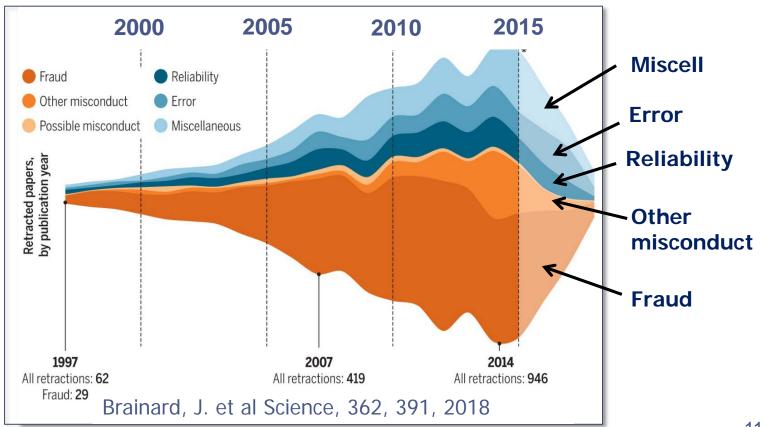
Brainard, Science 362,390, 2018

- Multiple retraction:
  - 100 authors retracted >13 papers due to deliberate misconduct.
- Editor:

In 89 journals, editors are able to retract by without consent of all authors

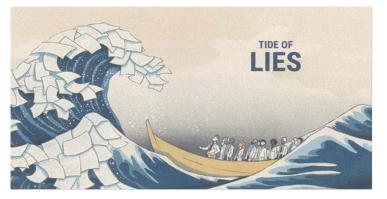
# **Retraction Rate Levels Off**

- Increase of the rate is due to improved oversight by journals
- 40% of retraction are not due to fraud, e.g. errors, poor reproducibility.
- Half of retraction are involved in FFP



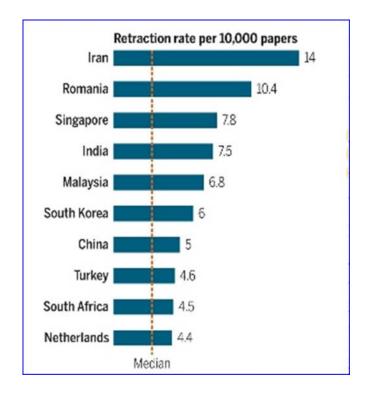
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# Worst 10 Scientists in Retraction Watch Leaderboard



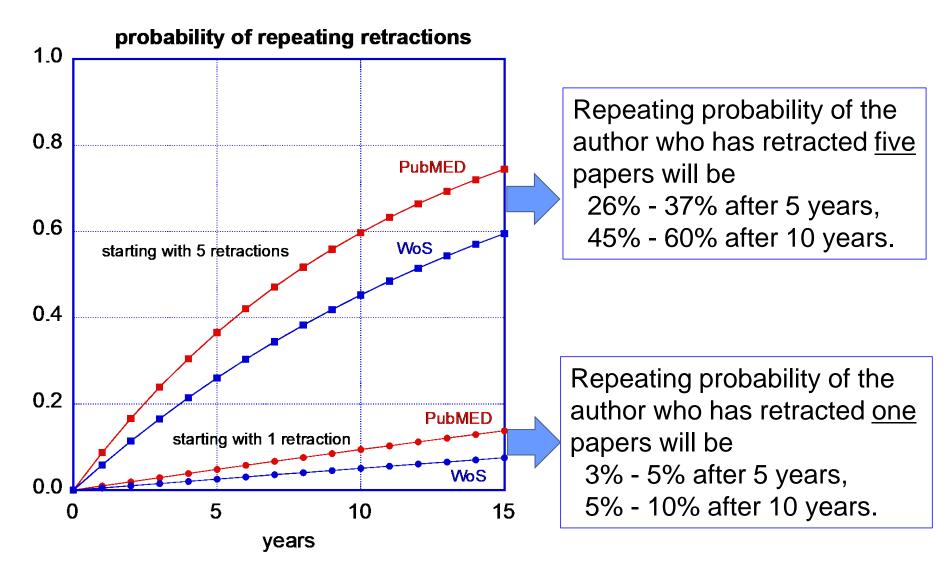
Kupferschmidt Science August 2013

	Name*	No. of retract ion	Country	Research area
1	Fujii, Y.	183	Japan	Anesthesiology
2	Boldt, J.	97	Germany	Anesthesiology
3	Sato. Y.	84	Japan	Gerontology
4	Iwamoto, J.	64	Japan	Orthopedics
5	Stapel, D.	58	Holland	Psychology
5	Saitoh, Y.	53	Japan	Anesthesiology
7	Adriam Maxim	48	USA	Electronics engineering
8	Chen-Yuan (Peter) Chen	43	Taiwan	Engineering
9	Sarkar, F.	41	USA	Biochemistry
9	Zhong, H.	41	China	Chemistry



Brainard, Science 362,390, 2018

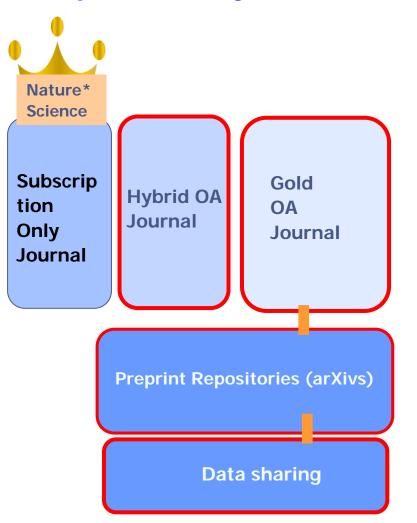
# Probability of repeating retractions



Kuroki, T. & Ukawa, A. Accountability in Res. 25 (4), 2018

# 3. Open Science

### Open access journal / Preprint repository / Data sharing



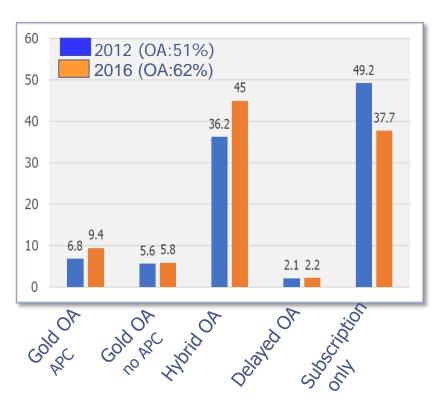
### **OA** journal

- Pay-to-read → pay-to-submit;
- Soundness and Significance
  - Soundness but Significance
- > Gold OA: Immediate OA
- Self-archive (Green): OA by authors
- Hybrid: Journal with OA + non OA
- Delayed: OA after embargo period

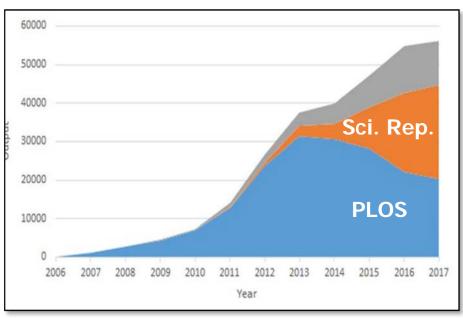
<sup>14</sup> 

# **Rapid Growth of OA Journals**

# Movement to OA journals 2012-2016



# Mega OA journals output 2006-2017



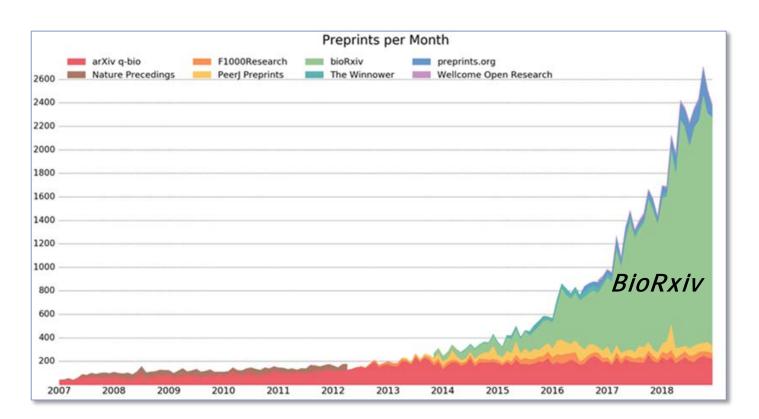
STM Report 1968-2018

APC; Article Publication Charge

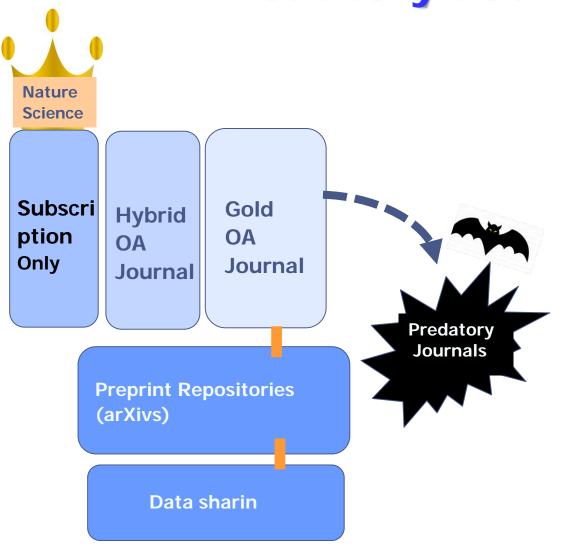
# **Preprint Repository**

- > arXiv: Mathematics and physics
  - > RePEc: Economics
  - > PMC: Biomedicine
  - BioRxiv: Biological science
  - medRxiv : Clinical medicine

"Registry of Open Access Repositories"



# 4. Predatory Journals



#### S. Gedela

Founder of OMICS Hyderabad, India

### **Jeffrey Beall**

Colorado U. Library Identified and pursued predatory journals

#### John Bohannon

Harvard U.
Disclosed nature of predatory journals by sting operation

# **Predatory Journals and Conferences**

### **Predatory Journals**

- Aiming profit by submission fee
- No or little reviewing
- Violating publication ethics.
- Destroying trust of STM journals
- Waste of money and time.
- Active marketing

### **Publication in predatory journals**

Kyushu U. 147; U.Tokyo 132

Osaka U. 107; Niigata U. 102

Nagoya U. 99

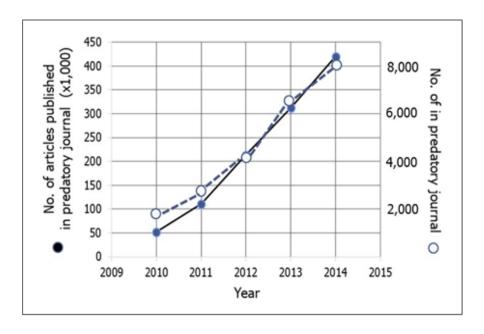
(2003-2018) Mainichi News paper

### **Predatory conferences**

- OMICS organizes 3,000 conferences worldwide. In October 2019,
   13 conferences in Japan (9 in Tokyo, 2 in Osaka and 2 in Narita)
- Accepted by no peer review.
- No scientific values
- Providing local tourisms
- In Korea,265 researchers spent \$500 millions of R&D fund over recent 3 years. (Lee In Jae, WCRI, 2019)

# **Predatory Journals**

- Rapid growth: 11,000 predatory journals (one-thirds of legitimate journal)
- Big market: \$74 million for predatory journals.
- Clients: One-thirds are by India.



	Publisher	Authors
India	27.1	34.7
Asia w/o India	11.6	25.6
Africa	5.5	16.4
North America	17.5	9.2
Europe	8.8	8.8
Others	2.7	3.8
Unknown	26.8	1.5

Shen, C. et al BMC Medicine, 13, 230, 2015

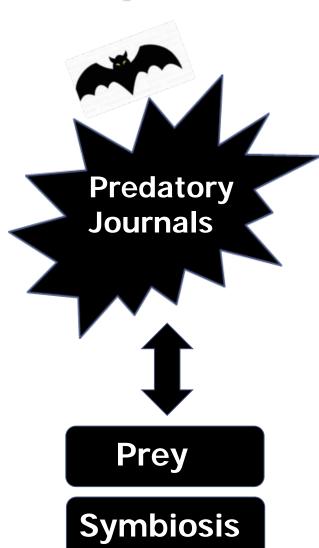
# **How to Avoid Predatory Journals**

- No black lists for predatory journals.
- Choose right journals following the advice of "thinkchecksubmit"



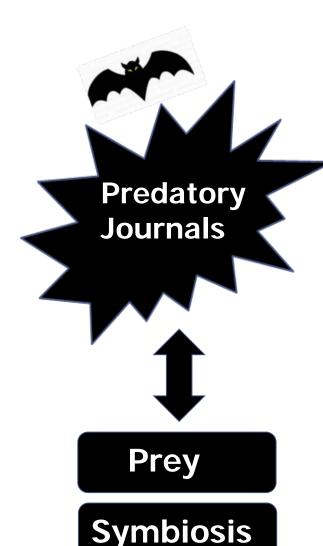
- Do you or your colleagues know the journal?
- Can you easily identify and contact the publisher?
- Is the journal clear about the type of peer review it uses?
- Do they belong to the Committee on Publication Ethics(COPE)?
   Is it listed in the Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ)?
   Does the publisher belong to the Open Access Scholarly
   Publishers' Association (OASPA).

# **Preys of Predators or Symbiosis with them**



- Rampant of predatory journals cannot be explained by Predators vs preys relationship.
- Ugly symbiosis exists between predators and s cience community.
- A majority of clients are from developing countries. They are hard to publish in qualified journals under poor conditions.
   Strong pressure to "publish or perish".
   Without PhD, they are unable to study abroad
- Predatory journals provides venues for disadvantaged students and scholars.

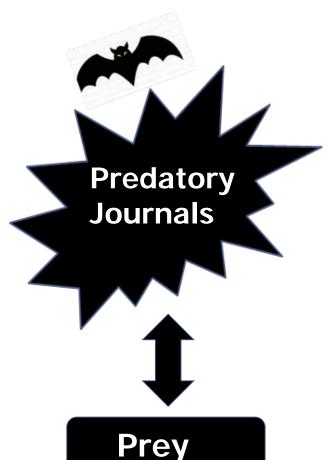
# "Publish or Perish" as Background



 Culture of science especially "Publish or Perish" exists behind predatory journals.

- Indian government changed requirements for PhD degree in 2019.
  - Previously, at least one peer reviewed article and two papers at conferences are required.
  - Now, mid-term exam and orally exam on completed thesis. (Nature, 560, 531, 2018)
- In some Japanese universities, two peer-reviewed articles are required for PhD degree

### "A list of Publications" as Background



**Symbiosis** 

 A list of publications has not been needed for application to Kakenhi of JSPS, a major grant for research since FY2018

#### **FY2018**

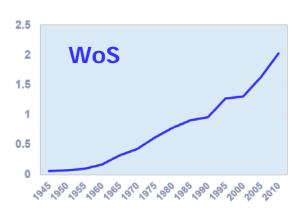
Research achievement by PI and co-PI (A list of publications)



#### **FY 2019**

Applicant's ability to conduct the proposed research and research environment. (Only a list of relevant publications proving PI's ability).

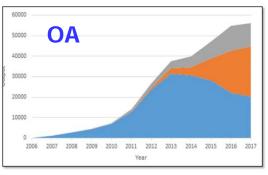
### 5. Overflow of Information





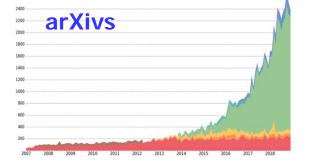


 Mining of useful information from billions of articles, preprints and datasets may be impossible without help of AI.





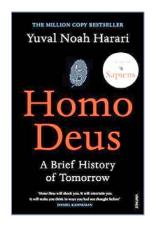




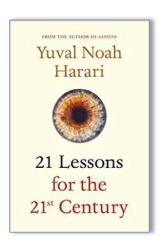


# **Yuval Noah Harari**

### Israeli historian

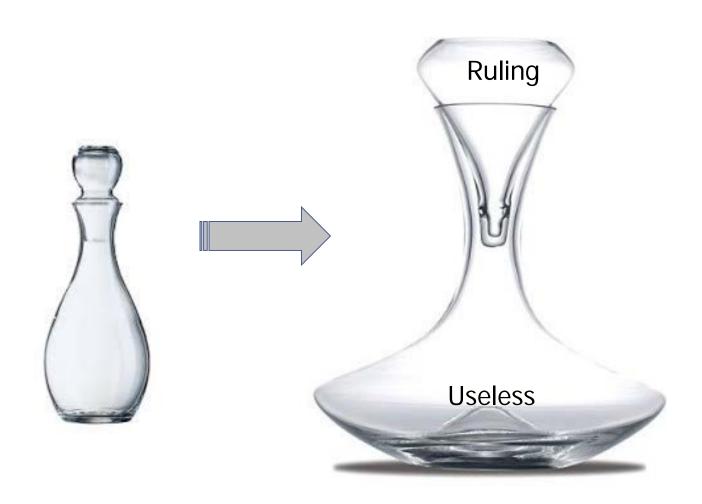


- Humans were supposed to distil data to information,
   information into knowledge, and knowledge into wisdom.
- However, dataists believe that human can no longer cope with immense flows of data, hence they cannot distil data into information, let alone into knowledge or wisdom.
   (Homo Deus)

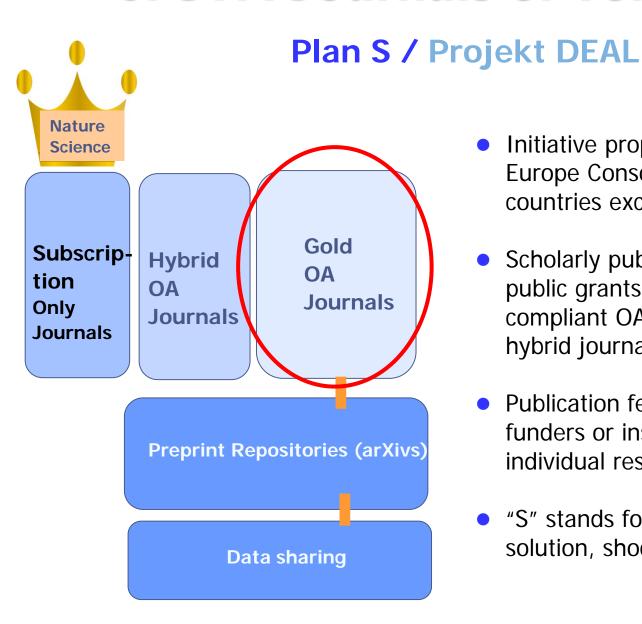


- "Technological revolution might soon push billions of human out of the job market and create massive new useless class,...." (21 Lessons).
- Analogously, AI might screen billions of scholarly papers and label massive papers as "useless".

# **Ruling and Useless Papers**



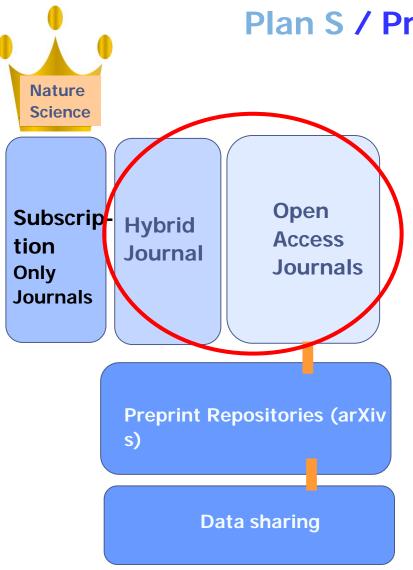
# 6. STM Journals of Tomorrow



- Initiative proposed by Science Europe Consortium with twelve countries excepting for Germany.
- Scholarly publication supported by public grants must be published in compliant OA journals, not including hybrid journals
- Publication fees are covered by the funders or institutions but not by individual researchers.
- "S" stands for science, speed, solution, shock (and sanction too).

# **STM Journals of Tomorrow**

Plan S / Projekt DEAL

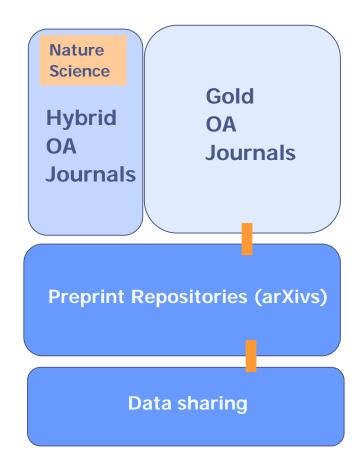


- Projekt DEAL is a "Publish and Read" contract between German institutions and Springer Nature and Wiley, valid from 2020..
- Publish: German articles (about 13,000 a year) will be published in hybrid and gold OA journals of Springer Nature.

Article publishing charge (APC) will be 20% less and charged to participation institutions via Max-Planck.

- Read: German scientists can read articles of Springer Nature back to 1997.
- Nature and Nature branded subscription journals are not included.

# STM Journals of the Day after Tomorrow



## **Lessons Learnt**

- Movement toward OA is an inevitable process.
- OA increases productivity, creativity and visibility of scholarly publications.
- Japan is less aware of OA compared to European countries.
- Projekt DEAL is a role model for Japan and may be achieved by sharing few percent of "indirect cost" of research funds (30%).
- Predatory journals are problematic but does not make a serious threat to science.

### **Acknowledgment**

Antoine Bocquet and Ayako Miyazaki; Springer Nature Minoru Seki and Hiroya Takeuchi; Chiba University